## Earth Curvature Calculator

by Eldøy Projects

Accurately calculate the curvature you are supposed to see on the ball Earth.
Distance: 20 v Miles $\quad$ Calculate

| Distance | Curvature |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 mile | 0.00013 miles $=0.67$ feet |
| 2 miles | 0.00051 miles $=2.67$ feet |
| 5 miles | 0.00316 miles $=16.67$ feet |
| 10 miles | 0.01263 miles $=66.69$ feet |
| 20 miles | 0.05052 miles $=266.75$ feet |
| 50 miles | 0.31575 miles $=1667.17$ feet |
| 100 miles | 1.26296 miles $=6668.41$ feet |
| 200 miles | 5.05102 miles $=26669.37$ feet |
| 500 miles | 31.5336 miles $=166497.53$ feet |
| 1000 miles | 125.632 miles $=663337.65$ feet |

## Explanation:

The Earth's radius ( $r$ ) is 6371 km or 3959 miles, based on numbers from Wikipedia, which gives a circumference ( c ) of $\mathrm{c}=2 * \pi * r=40030 \mathrm{~km}$

We wish to find the height (h) which is the drop in curvature over the distance (d)

Using the circumference we find that 1 kilometer has the angle
$360^{\circ} / 40030 \mathrm{~km}=0.009^{\circ}$. The angle (a) is then $\mathrm{a}=0.009^{\circ}$ * distance

The derived formula $h=r *(1-\cos a)$ is accurate for any distance (d)


## Source code

Note: Using the formula 8 times the distance in miles squared is not accurate for long distances but is fine for practical use.

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